
CHALKBOARD

PARTS OF SPEECH POSTERS



12 POSTERS INSIDE!

PARTS OF SPEECH POSTERS:

NOUN, PROPER NOUN, PRONOUN, VERB, HELPING VERB,
ADJECTIVE, ADVERB, PREPOSITION, CONJUNCTION,
PREPOSITIONAL PHRASE, SUBJECT, & PREDICATE

ADJECTIVE:

An adjective modifies a noun or describes a noun or pronoun.

EXAMPLES: PRETTY, OLD, SMART



PREPOSITION:

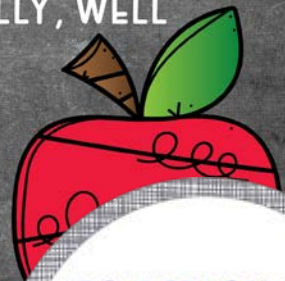
is a word placed in or preposition case modification in the sentence.

WITH, ABOUT

ADVERB:

An adverb modifies or describes a verb, an adjective, or another adverb. Adverbs generally end in -ly.

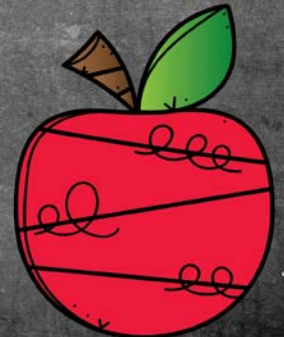
EXAMPLES: GENTLY, EXTREMELY, CAREFULLY, WELL



HELPING VERB:

A verb that comes before the main verb in a sentence.

EXAMPLES: IS, AM, ARE, WAS, WERE, BE, BEING, BEEN, HAS, HAVE, HAD, DO, DOES.



POSTERS INCLUDES:

WORD, DEFINITION, & EXAMPLE

PREPOSITIONAL PHRASE:

A prepositional phrase is a group of words that starts with a preposition and ends with a noun (pronoun).

FROM PARIS.
WITH HIM.
DURING THE WAR.



CONJUNCTION:

A conjunction joins words, phrases, or clauses.

EXAMPLES: AND, FOR, NOR,
BUT, OR WHILE, BECAUSE



PREDICATE:

The predicate or verbs explain what the subject does or is doing.

the subject
on which is
the subject.

WALKS THE LOG.
WALKS.



SUBJECT:

The subject of a sentence is the person, place, thing, or idea that is performing the action. The subject tells us what the sentence is about.

EXAMPLES: DUSTIN WASHED THE CAR.
THE UMBRELLA IS BLUE.

